

You who love that which is beautiful see our window display of

Pierced Deposit Silverware

The new creation in the silversmith's art, where ornamental designs of open silver work overlay a glass or china

VASE, LOVING CUP, PERFUME, OR SMELLING SALTS BOTTLES

Making very pretty Wedding Presents, Birthday Presents, Anniversary Gifts, etc.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Jewellers and Opticians, 47 Government St.

Hudson's Bay Co.

Incorporated A.D. 1670.

DIRECT IMPORTERS

CLEAR HAVANA CIGARS

HY. CLAY.
SENSITIVAS,
MARGARITAS,
BACHELORS,
PURITANOS,
DAMAS.

EL ECUADOR.
SUBLIMAS,
CONCHAS FINAS,
CONCHAS ESPECIALES,
DAMAS,
ESPARTEROS.

EL TRIUNFO.
AROMATICAS,
CONCHAS ESPECIALES,
OPERAS.

ALBAS,
NON PLUS ULTRA,
PURATANOS,
ESPAÑOLA, LA CAROLINA, ETC., ETC.

HY. UPMANN, BOCK & CO., LA AFRICANA, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,

This Is a Deep Subject

This question of economy in buying. We want you to consider it well. Don't just look at the surface of saving. See that you get real worth when you buy. We regard your interests and tell you of them.

VEAL LOAF, tin	15c.
HAM LOAF, tin	15c.
DEVILED HAM, tin	15c.
LUNCHEON SAUSAGE, tin	15c.
CHILLI WACK HONEY, jar	15c.
C. & B. MARMALADE, tin	15c.

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

Where Cash Talks.

New Wallpapers

FROM 10 CENTS PER DOUBLE ROLL TO \$5.00.

FINE LINE OF INGRAIN GOODS.

J. W. MELLOR

76-78 FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

Scotch Whisky

Watson's Special Liqueur guaranteed 20 years old.

Perfect. Pure. Palatable.

MINING SHARES

B. C. Mining Stocks are now advancing in price. War Eagle has within the past week risen from 12c. to 25c. per share. All standard shares are in demand.

Republic Camp

200,000 shares approximately changed hands in Spokane last week.

Within the next few days from this camp will be hauled to the Granby Smelter and a smelter also in the principal stocks may be confidently anticipated. For quotations and information call at 23 Broad Street.

A.W. MORE & CO., Ltd.

23 Broad Street, near Colonist Office.

Fly Fishers

New Green Heart Rods—New Scotch Casts—New Scotch Flies, for Trout and Steelheads, just arrived

FOX'S, 78 Gov't St.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

From thoroughbred Golden Pouter, \$2.00 per setting; Silver Laced Wyandottes, \$1.00, and Black Minorcas. All kinds of poultry and supplies. Hay, Grain and mill feed, seeds and potatoes.

E. M. DICK,
12 Store Street.

Municipal Trades Licenses

The undersigned requests that all parties who have failed to attend to their notice of 2nd inst., respecting the above licenses, will do so immediately, to prevent trouble, and expense.

Licenses are due and payable in advance on the 10th January and 10th July, and MUST for the future be paid at the City Treasurer's Office.

CHARLES KENT,
Collector.
City Hall, Victoria, B. C., April 19th, 1902.

Advertise in the Colonist

The Standard Canadian Whiskey

SEAGRAM'S 83

R. P. Rithet & Co. Ltd.
B.C. Agents.

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND.

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Victoria and Vancouver

GARDEN TOOLS

Lawn Mowers and Poultry Netting

FOR SALE BY

The Hickman Tye Hardware Co., Ltd.

32 and 34 Yates Street, VICTORIA, B.C.

TELEPHONE 59. P. O. DRAWER 113.

IT PAYS TO BUY AT HASTIE'S FAIR

All kinds of Wares we keep. Granite, Crockery, Tin and China ware, Stationery, Candles, Needles, and Pins, and all that. Specialties just now. House cleaning supplies.

77 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

FOURTH CONTINGENT.

Five Hundred Men Camped in Halifax—More Recruits Leave.

Halifax, N. S., April 22.—Steamship Cestrian arrived today from Boston to take the first division of the Fourth contingent to South Africa. Five hundred men are in camp here ready to sail when the ship is fitted out.

Toronto, Ont., April 22.—Col. Otter yesterday received word that some men of the permanent force would be allowed to volunteer for South Africa. Forty names have been sent to Ottawa of men who wish to go.

Montreal, April 22.—One hundred and thirty recruits for the Fourth contingent left here today for Halifax. They came from Ottawa.

ASK BONUS.

Hamilton Offered Chance to Secure Improvement Factory.

Hamilton, Ont., April 22.—(Special).—Hamilton has been offered the chance of securing the Canadian branch of the manufacturing of the Deering Harvester Co., of Chicago, now located at Brockville. The chief requirement is a bonus of \$50,000. The company employ 125 men, and pay about \$60,000 yearly in wages.

NEWFOUNDLAND HOUSE.

Legislature Prognosed—Closing Speech Is Hopeful.

St. John's, Nfld., April 22.—The colonial legislature prorogued this afternoon. The Governor of Newfoundland, Sir Cavendish Boyle congratulated the colony in his closing speech, on the part of the favorable industrial outlook and forecasted excellent results from the measure enacted with respect to the principal industries of the colony.

GREEN RIVER HOT SPRINGS

WASHINGTON

Two and a half hours from Seattle and Tacoma, on main line of N. P. railway. Special 1-3 round trip fare from Victoria. The most perfectly appointed health and pleasure resort in the entire West. New and modern building, steam-heated and electric lighted throughout. Splendid natural medicinal waters; perfect baths. Skilled attendants in every department, offering to those suffering from rheumatism, gout, neuralgia, disorders of the digestive, urinary and nervous systems, or to those in need of change or rest a measure of relief not elsewhere obtainable. Resident physicians; direct use of waters and baths without charge. Write for circulars, etc. Rates from \$12.50 weekly. Splendid winter resort.

J. S. KLOESER, M. D.

CORN DUTIES CARRIED.

Resolution Passes in Imperial House With Large Majority.

London, April 22.—In the course of a debate on the grain tax in the House of Commons this evening, the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, announced that "official" or coarse meal for stock feeding would pay only three pence per hundred weight, instead of five pence. He added that in the case of flour and fine meals the farmers had been greatly disturbed by the fear that a heavy tax on "official" would offset any protective advantage which they would gain by the grain duty.

The chancellor also expressed his belief that the advance in the price of bread, which had been a half-penny to one penny a loaf higher through the United Kingdom since the Budget announcement, would recede so soon as the trade had adjusted itself to the new conditions.

The whole evening was occupied in a heated debate of the duties as provided for in the budget. At midnight Mr. Balfour, the government leader, announced the closure, and the corn duties resolution was adopted by 283 votes to 197.

OUR BURBANK SEEDLINGS

Are the best producing, cooking and keeping potatoes on the market. Don't plant any other variety.

SYLVESTER FRED CO.,
City Market.

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CURIOUS DISCIPLINE.

Tokyo, April 9.—On the 8th inst. the high disciplinary committee of civil officials gave the following decision in respect to Mr. Mayeda Shin-ichi, chief inspector of the Kofu police station, Yamanaishi prefecture:—

The committee find that on March 22, 1902, Mayeda Shin-ichi, together with two public prosecutors and a judicial probationer of the Kofu Chibo Caisausho, met with Koshi-ichi Shoji, who was at the time the centre of popular attention on the ground of his connection with a sensational gambling case and was out on bail, in a restaurant at Kasuga-cho, Kofu, and ate and drank with him for several hours.

The above facts are proved by the document of examination drawn up by the minister for home affairs and the statements of Ishihara Kenzo, governor of Yamanaishi prefecture, and of Mayeda Shin-ichi himself.

The act of examination comes within the purview of clause 2 of art. 2 of the civil disciplinary act and his salary should be reduced by one-third for six months.

Yokohama, April 11.—The annual tide of tourists has begun this year earlier than usual. Many of the tourists from America or China has long passenger lists, and hotels in Japan are crowded. The Grand hotel, Yokohama, has just completed a large extra wing in view of the increasing travel to Japan, and in the second largest hotel in this port, the Oriental, was burnt to the ground last year, the supply of accommodation is still short. A new Oriental is rising on the ashes of the old and is to be a handsome structure.

H. I. H. Field Marshal Prince Konatsu, special ambassador at the coronation, is going to leave Tokyo on the 19th inst. and catch in Yokohama the N. D. liner Koniz Albert.

During the last year 13,218 foreigners, belonging to 36 different nationalities, and 1,222 people of unknown nationality, arrived in Japan from abroad. These make a total of 14,440, including 3,667 Chinese, 3,222 Englishmen, 2,150 Americans, 1,433 Russians, 1,122 Germans and 607 Frenchmen.

The first shipment of new season tea will probably be made on the steamship Goptic, which leaves Yokohama for San Francisco, particularly for the members of the San Francisco Fair.

Sanjiao fever has claimed another victim in Shanghai, the sad occurrence being

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QUEEN MINE.

Tramway to Yellowstone Mill to Be Finished This Week.

Nelson, April 22.—(Special).—A special from Ymir states that the surface tramway from the main shaft of the Queen mine to the Yellowstone company's ten-stamp mill will be completed this week, and that early next week the plant will be started on the ore from the Queen. The mill has a capacity of 25 tons per day, and it is thought the Queen mine can produce this quantity indefinitely. The Queen has been developed by three tunnels and is now showing of ore. A trial lot sent to the Nelson smelter gave returns of \$60 per ton. It is not thought that the entire ledge will yield as high values as this. The Queen is under bond to Judge P. McL. Forth, Archibald Cameron, Gerald Hopkins and Mr. Holmes for \$50,000.

QUEBEC STRIKE.

Building Workmen Walk Out Because Wages Not Raised.

Quebec, April 22.—After the noon gun had been fired from the citadel yesterday, four hundred workmen employed by contractors for buildings throughout the city struck for higher wages.

I Will Cure You of RHEUMATISM.

No Pay Until You Know It.

After 2,000 experiments, I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn away from the cure, but to know it is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal and I will send you an order on my nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim pay your druggist \$5.50 for it. If it doesn't I will pay him myself.

I have no samples. Any medicine that can effect Rheumatism with but a few doses must be drugged to the verge of danger, by the use of such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible the case seems to you, I know it, and take the risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 30 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay, and pay gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter. Let me send you an order for the medicine. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you anyway. If it cures, pay \$5.50. I leave that entirely to you. I will mail you a book that tells how I do it.

Simply state name of your dealer, and address Box 17, Racine, Wis.

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Yokohama, April 11.—The house tax distraints on property included in special protective articles of the revised treaties go merrily on, the process being only a distraint in name. The officials enter a house, demand the tax, are refused, and then their attention is directed "indirectly" to a safe or envelope, which, on examination, proves to contain the exact amount of the demand. The officials "seize" this and depart, after sometimes partaking of liquid refreshments with their "victims." This phase of the matter has become rather a farce, but owing to the good-humor on both sides, any bitter feeling between the authorities and foreigners has not been increased. As the matter is to be submitted to arbitration, the foreigners look upon this forcible seizure of the subject-matter to be arbitrated, as supremely and Orientaly ridiculous. It is believed to have been the result of ill-considered advice given the Japanese government by "advisers" who are now anxious to justify themselves. The amount of tax demanded in this port is only 55,000 yen, of which about one-third has been collected. It is expected to take until the end of the month to complete collection, and in the meantime nothing is heard of the progress of arbitration. The United States minister is waiting the instructions of his government, and strong representations have gone to Washington from American property holders, asking that their government be included in the scope of arbitration.

YOKOHAMA, APRIL 9.—

On the 7th inst. a tea box wrapped in matting arrived at the Yokohama station, by the train which left Kobe at 6 p.m. on the previous day. A fetid odor was noticed about the box and the railway authorities opened it in the presence of the police. They were horrified to find within the body of a man who had evidently met with a violent death. The man who came to the station to take delivery of the box was at once arrested and sent to the local police station, where he confessed that the body was that of his young brother, and that he, the consignee, was the murderer, his name being Ishibe Eijiro, of Minode-cho, Nagoya. The cause of the murder is peculiarly Japanese. It appears that the murderer is a photographer named Nishibe Einosuke, aged 25, of Minode-machi Shichome, Nagoya, and the victim, his young brother, was a pick-pocket, who had been imprisoned as many as six times, though only 18 years old at the time of his death. The murder took place at the photographer's residence on the 10th of March, and the corpse was concealed under the verandah until the midnight of the 6th instant, when the murderer shipped the body on a train, intending to dispose of it away in the country, and packing it up in a tea box. According to his confession to the police, the murderer at first repented of his crime, but in consequence of several repetitions of his criminal proclivities. The latter, however, assumed a defiant attitude and this excited the former to kill his brother with a cane-sword, the property of the victim.

Manchuria Agreement

How the Latest Russian-Chinese Treaty Is Regarded in Japan.

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The Colonist.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 23, 1902.

Published by
The Colonist Printing & Publishing
Company, Limited Liability

No. 27 Broad St. - - - - - Victoria, B. C.
PIEROVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by carrier at 20 cents per week,
or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada
(except the city) and the United States at
the following rates:

One year\$3 00
Six months\$1 75

THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST

One year\$1 50
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less than \$1.

\$25.00 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as
will lead to the conviction of anyone
stealing the Colonist newspaper from
the door of a subscriber.

A SCREW LOOSE SOMEWHERE.

The following from the Seattle Times
points to a peculiar condition of affairs:

Whatcom, Saturday, April 19.—The
ship Arctic Stream, now loading at Tacoma,
will sail next week, carrying the first
shipment of canned salmon to be sent
from Puget Sound to South Africa. The
Arctic Stream's destination is Table
Bay, and the initial shipment of Puget
Sound fish which she carries will consist
of one thousand cases packed by the
Puget Sound cannery companies here.

"About a year ago canned salmon was
selected by the British War office as a
part of the regular rations of the army.
The shipments which have heretofore
been made were by way of London, but
the indications now are that during the
balance of the time that Great Britain
is forced to maintain a large army in
South Africa, the shipment of this pro-
duct there will be direct from Puget
Sound.

We have always been under the im-
pression that the province of British
Columbia was in the business of catch-
ing and canning salmon. It may be
that the trap-fishing on the Sound makes
the canned salmon so much cheaper
that we cannot compete. But it looks
very much as though we had been sell-
ing to the trade in London, and the trade
in London, at an advanced price, to the
War office, and as if the American can-
ners were dealing direct with the War
office and shipping direct to the point of
immediate distribution. We wish some
one who knows more about the salmon
industry than we do, would write to the
Colonist, explaining this extraordinary
state of affairs. Is it lack of patriotism
on our own part, that is to blame?

ANOTHER POINT OF VIEW.

Yesterday we published an article
from the Toronto Globe on the immigra-
tion to the Canadian Northwest from
the Ontario point of view. Today there
comes under review a sixteen-page il-
lustrated supplement to the Minneapolis
Journal dealing with the same move-
ment from the point of view of the
American of the Middle West. We cannot
do more than quote a few of the head-
lines: "The Sleeping Empire Beyond
Awakened"; "American Invasion of
Western Canada"; "Thousands of Energetic
Pioneers Seek the Land of the Far-
Flung, Fencible Prairie and the
Warm, Wet, Western Wind"; "Bumper
Crops of 1901 Made Western Cana-
da, They Have Struck the Hour of
Destiny for a Country of Vast Area and
of Untold Agricultural Potentialities";
"An Expanding System, Western Cana-
dian Railways, Main Lines and Feeder
Lines Are Pushed Out Rapidly With
and in Advance of Settlement—Canadian Pa-
cific and Canadian Northern," and
so on, and so on. But we make no
apology for quoting in full the editorial
article which accompanies this article:

Any reader of The Journal who has
followed the growing importance of
Western Canada will understand the
timeliness of the special attention The
Journal today devotes to Western Cana-
dian lands. The time has passed when
the people of the Northern States can
afford to ignore Canada. It was once
an insignificant country, it is true, whose
small activities, political and commer-
cial, were so dwarfed by the overlad-

Pellow-Harvey, Bryant & Gilman
PROVINCIAL ASSAYERS,
Mining Engineers and Metallurgists
Ores Analyzed, Control Assays,
Properties examined and sampled.
Trial Shipments, Smelter Tests,
Victoria—Opposite Grand Hotel.

owing greatness of the United States
that the people of this country had no
interest that would stimulate them to
watch what was going on in Canada.
The absolute ignoring of Canada in our
tariff arrangements for thirty-seven
years was not so much the expression
of hostility to Canada as it was of our
careless ignorance of the country—our
indifference.

But all at once Canada seems to have
awakened and found herself famous; all
at once we of the United States appre-
ciate the potentialities of the Dominion,
the great future that lies before it, and
are planning to profit by that growth
as much as the Canadians themselves.
The Canadians have, for the most part,
been as ignorant of the possibilities of
their empire as we have. Even Cana-
dian school geographies show little more
knowledge of the Canadian West than
the average American has had. If Amer-
icans have ignored Canada, Canadians
have been blind to their own country.

While, all over the country, the agri-
cultural and commercial life of the
value of the Canadian trade and the im-
portance of the Canadians as business nei-
ghors, the people of the American North-
west have in the last two or three years
realized the fertility of Western Cana-
da and its agricultural possibilities, and
have been on all fours with the
Canadians themselves in taking posses-
sion of the cheap and rich lands of
Manitoba, Assiniboia, Alberta and Sas-
katchewan. The great grain crops of
1901, which yielded the farmers of
Western Canada over 60,000,000 bushels
of wheat alone, attracted and riveted
attention to the Canadian prairie and
recalled the oft-repeated but little
credited assertion that three-fourths of
the hard wheat area lies north of the
international boundary. The statement
is now recognized not to be an exaggera-
tion.

The term Western Canada, as used
by The Journal in this edition, means
Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and
Alberta. Western Ontario is not in-
cluded, but it is not an agricultural
country, and Athabasca is as yet too
far distant and too little developed to
be considered in the same category
with such thoroughly understood regions
as the prairie and the three districts
named. It should be said, though, that
it is freely predicted that the valley of
the distant Peace river, lying above the
55th parallel of north latitude, in the
district of Athabasca, will one day be
as fertile as the prairie west of it.

The province of Manitoba and the dis-
tricts of Assiniboia, Alberta and Sas-
katchewan, all of which lie to the south
of the fifty-fifth parallel, comprise 373,470
square miles. Of this area probably
150,000 square miles is arable land,
capable of cultivation without irriga-
tion. Much of the rest can be cultivated
with irrigation, which is easily ap-
plied, and practically all of the remain-
der is suitable for stock raising. At
present the most favored region for
wheat-raising comprises Manitoba and
about one-fourth of the area of Assiniboia
—the southwestern part.

The climate of most of Western Cana-
da is somewhat severer than that of the
northwestern States, but not so much
so as to be any obstacle to settle-
ment by people used to the climate of
the latter. Much of the area, in fact,
is held by the government, and the
remainder is in the hands of railroad and
land companies that are selling it
cheaply. They have, backed by the Do-
minion government, made a vigorous
campaign for American settlers, and
their efforts have been rewarded with
success. Last year about 20,000 Ameri-
can farmers crossed the line, and this
year the number may be more than twice
as many. The Americans are by far
the largest factor in the total immigra-
tion. The volume of this migration has
reached such proportions, though as yet
small in comparison with movements of
the same kind with the States, that it
can no longer be ignored. It may as
well be accepted as a fact that the over-
flow of American homeseekers will seek
Canada in increasing numbers each
year.

We view this movement with satisfac-
tion rather than alarm. For the
Western Canada is bound to be settled
soon. We prefer to have it settled by
Americans rather than by an alien popu-
lation. The Journal some time ago ex-
pressed the opinion that the present
population and land-seeking movement
is the beginning of the settlement of the
difficulties arising from the political divi-
sion of the temperate part of the con-
tinent. At the present rate the Cana-
dian population of Western Canada
will be outnumbered by Americans in
ten years, and in twenty years they will
be lost in the torrent of Americans who
will carry with them, settling in colonies
as they do, American customs, views
and sympathies. This prediction of The
Journal has caused a widespread discus-
sion in the American and Canadian
papers. We see no reason to alter it.
The American majority in Western Cana-
da, within twenty years, comprise
one-fourth of the whole population of
the Dominion, and will be a powerful
factor in politics. If they do not initiate
the settlement of the Transvaal and
bring Western Canada into the union,
they will certainly succeed in shaping
the policy of the Dominion so that it will
always be friendly to the United States,
and will constitute an admirable offset
to the sentiment that might otherwise
draw Canada into closer relations with
the British Empire, much, perhaps, to
our injury.

That is the American point of view. It
is erroneous in one particular. Aliens
cannot become an important political
factor in a country where they have no
vote. An alien well-affected towards
the country in which he resides, is bet-
ter than a voting citizen with alien prej-
udices and sympathies. Some people
are of opinion that these immigrants
should have the franchise thrust upon
them by being compelled to become citi-
zens at once. That is bad policy. Let
them remain Americans without a vote
until they are prepared to become Cana-
dians in reality as well as in name.
Canada can absorb them very easily.
There can only be a very few of the
old Republican stock, with its undying
prejudice against, or of American-irish
stock with its undying hatred of, our in-
stitutions. Most of these immigrants
must be of German or Scandinavian ori-
gin, and they make good citizens in a
free, democratic country, while many of
them, no doubt, are repatriated Cana-
dians. Let them alone. They will bed
down in the British Empire all right.
We have never known an American, par-
ticularly an American of Teutonic ori-
gin, who did not prefer the orderly in-
stitutions of Canada to the autonomy
degenerated into license of which he
had experience in the Western States of
the Union, after he knew what Cana-
dian institutions were. This migration
from the United States may and should
lead to a better understanding between
the two peoples, and a clearer knowledge
of each other among them, but Canada
is in the British Empire, and it is there
to stay. We have now had the Ontario
point of view and the Minnesota point
of view. What of the British Columbia
point of view? Is there any? Or are
we sunk in apathy and indifference to
the movements which are altering the
destiny of our country? We do not wish
to minimize the local importance of many
of the issues which compose our politics,
but merely to emphasize the fact that
they are local. We need a wider hori-
zon. We need a realizing sense of the
growth and development which are

transforming Canada in order that we
may apply them to the transformation
of our own Imperial heritage, in order
that we may brush away the caving of
small financiers, the prejudice of section-
alists and the cowardice of little men, in
order that we may abandon ourselves
to the enthusiasm of a great idea in the
development of our country. We can
make it great, and rich, and populous,
if we try. A mighty host of pioneers is
surging against our gateway. Shall we
open the door and let them in?

A "CAPITAL" JOKE.

Who can now say that capital will not
enter British Columbia in unlimited
quantities, when the "Ollala Copper Min-
ing & Smelter Company" is ready to
build the Coast-Kootenay railway? This
company is backed by "practically un-
limited capital in New York City." That
is what we are told out here. It is not
what the applicant for shares in New
York is told. What he is told is this:
"Many a man with a small bank ac-
count has wished to identify himself
with the great modern enterprises, but
the terms have been so close that he has
been unable to do so. We have opened a
NEW WAY TO WEALTH for the
man with a short purse and a long head.
The man who knows that large enter-
prises like this must be built up care-
fully, step by step, is the man we want,
and who wants us. One thousand shares
of 'Ollala' will be worth an independent
fortune and earn a permanent income of
from two thousand five hundred to seven
thousand five hundred dollars per year
within five years, but one share will be
worth equally as much in proportion,"
and so on and so forth. Now the "new
way to wealth" is to buy an option for
five dollars cash on an indefinite amount
of 'Ollalas' and pay the balance in easy
installments until the present price of
\$12.50 per \$25 share is paid up. The
method by which this makes the applica-
nt rich is quite clear. The capital of
the company is \$8,000,000, and he gets
in at the rock bottom price of \$4,000,000
on the instalment plan, \$5 down. That
is about as an attractive a proposal as
we ever saw, but when we consider the
value of the company's property and its
earning power, it is obvious that the
company is simply throwing away its
assets to gentlemen with "short purses
and long heads." The company owns a
railway charter for a railway called the
Similkameen & Kereoneso railway, a
townsite charter (whatever that may be)
at Ollala, B. C., telegraph and telephone
franchises, and SIXTY-THREE GOLD-
COPPER MINES. In one advertise-
ment the company says that "A practi-
cal mining man writing to us says: 'If I
owned TWO of your properties I
would undertake to pay the national
debt of Canada in ten years.' In an-
other advertisement 'A practical mining
man writing to a friend concerning
these properties, says: 'If I owned ONE
of these groups, I would undertake to
pay the national debt of Canada in ten
years' time.' The lowest estimated
earnings of the properties are \$2,400,000
annually, made up by: profit on prelimi-
nary mining operations, \$800,000; profit
on smelting operations, \$800,000; rail-
way earnings (net) \$600,000; total, \$2,400,000, as above. This company should
really be restrained from distributing its
assets on the instalment plan \$5 down
to gentlemen with "short purses and
long heads." We call it nothing short
of criminal philanthropy. It is not only
giving things away to the short-pursed
but long-headed, but is actually hunting
for such by wide-spread advertising in
the New York daily papers. But this
company, the Ollala Copper Mining &
Smelting company, is not merely over-
flowing with philanthropy towards the
small-pursed of New York, it is also go-
ing to do something for British Colum-
bia, it is going to build the Coast-Koot-
enay railway. It must be a sense of
gratitude that stirs it. If we had
thirty-one and a half times as much
in sight as would pay the national
debt in ten years, our time would be
fully occupied without such a bagatelle
in the way of enterprise as the Coast-
Kootenay railway. But this company is
different. It is going to make all the
minding poor people in New York
wealthy, provided they have long enough
heads, and it is also going to build the
Coast-Kootenay railway in British Col-
umbia. The company will "seek a
charter" (we quote from the Victoria
Times) "to midway or to a point
beyond. They will build along the
south side of the Fraser river, via the Hope Mountains,
and Chilliwack, to a point on the Gulf
of Georgia, between the mouth of the
Fraser river and the international bound-
ary line. They will seek connection
with Vancouver over the projected New
Westminster bridge, and with Victoria
and Vancouver Island by a modern car-
ferry system, operating across the Gulf
and connecting with the Victoria Ter-

restrial railway, or by its own rails into
the Capital."

Such is the Ollala Copper Mining &
Smelting company, and such are its in-
tections in British Columbia. Its offi-
cers are: W. J. Brewer, New York City,
President; H. H. Armstrong, Boston,
Vice-President; F. E. Morrison, New
York, Secretary and Treasurer; Wm. C.
McDougall, Ollala, B. C., general man-
ager; Hon. H. Charles Royce, St. Albans,
Vermont, J. B. McArthur, Ross-
land, B. C., Judge A. L. Van Ness, New
York, directors; Wayne Darlington, E.
M. Philadelphia and Antelope Idaho,
Consulting Engineer; F. M. Tottingham,
New York, Electrical Engineer. We feel
that it is due to such a unique collection
of great-souled philanthropists to give
them full publicity as to their names and
operations.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

ACTIONS LOUDER THAN WORDS.

Sir,—My object in writing at so much
length in my communication to your paper
of the 20th inst., relative to the Prince of
Wales Island, was to point out the mar-
velous convenience of the location and
position of that island for trade with the
various parts of the world, and particu-
larly its worth on account of its miner-
als and timber products, and the value of
the fisheries which surrounds its coasts,
and the harbor which it affords. The
British government showed in permit-
ting the Prince of Wales Island to be in-
cluded within the main frontier also, a
greater degree of fairness as well as lib-
erality. The treaty also included for Rus-
sia the main land of Alaska, and for Great
Britain, containing about 10,000 square miles,
which is a large number of square miles,
together, make an area of 5,000
square miles, and occupy the same point
of Prince of Wales Island, and the main
land of Alaska, and the northern mainland,
and provides the strip of land also men-
tioned in the treaty. There is a large num-
ber of valuable islands in the archipelago
from Chatham Strait south to the 56th degree,
and to Dixon Entrance, commencing op-
posite the southernmost point of Prince
of Wales Island, we have Duke Island, Zar-
embo, Gladwin, Glavin, and many others,
early Duke of York Island, Wrangel, Zar-
embo, Kupreanof, Admiralty Island, etc.,
and many others. (August 17th) writes
that "Mr. Johnstone, who had charge
of the survey expedition, stated that the part
attention during the last season, was a
peninsula, connected with the more east-
ern land by a narrow isthmus, and that
the peninsula was high and mountainous
as the land composing the adjacent coun-
tries on the opposite northeastern side of
the strait. The peninsula was covered
with very lofty, rugged, dreary, barren
mountains, covered with ice and snow, but
the mountains were composed of a
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Style for Summer
IS A
**Striped Tweed or
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Which you can get at a moderate price by calling at,
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Successor to G. R. Jackson, Merchant Tailor, 36 Fort Street.

It is Foolish
And dangerous to put off the use of glasses until the eyes pain and the head aches. On the first indication of trouble, have your eyes attended to. I give the best and most up-to-date service, and guarantee satisfaction.
A. P. BLUTH, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN
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EYES TESTED
FREE.
FORT ST.

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES

Tells How Hospital Physicians Use and Rely upon Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Twelve years continuous service at the sick bed in some of our prominent hospitals, as well as at private homes, has given me varied experiences with the diseases of women. I have nursed some



MISS VIRGINIA GRANES, President of Nurses' Association, Watertown, N.Y., most distressing cases of inflammation and ulceration of the ovaries and womb. I have known that doctors used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when everything else failed with their patients. I have advised my patients and friends to use it and have yet to hear of its first failure to cure. Four years ago I had falling of the womb from straining in lifting a heavy patient, and knowing of the value of your Compound I began to use it at once, and in six weeks I was well once more, and have had no trouble since. I am most pleased to have had an opportunity to say a few words in praise of your Vegetable Compound, and shall take every occasion to recommend it."

MISS VIRGINIA GRANES.—\$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has stood the test of time, and has cured thousands.

Mrs. Pinkham advises sick women free. Address, Lynn, Mass.

OLD ENGLAND'S PATRON SAINT

St. George's Day Will Be Fitly Observed in the City of Victoria.

Today is St. George's Day, and the Empire's day will flutter in the breeze from every flag pole and house top in the city. The St. George's flag, emblematical of the navy, will be flying in every port today, one of the holidays for which the hand of man is pleased to celebrate the joyous manner he knows how. With the abandonment of the St. George's society, the day has been allowed to pass in a manner which is seldom seen in a naval town, but the local order of the Sons of St. George have for several years celebrated the day in a very hearty style and through their efforts quite a large amount has been expended in charity.

The national spirit has no doubt been revived by the exciting incidents that have happened during the last two years and the patriotic sentiment that hails round the old flag is much more noticeable than it used to be.

The day will be thoroughly recognized today. The Sons of St. George and their friends dine together. The Daughters of St. George hold a reception and concert. The True Blues give a concert, and the children of St. Barnabas' church give a red white and blue concert. It is pleasing to see the national sentiment aroused by occasions of this character.

ST. GEORGE'S CONCERT.

St. Barnabas' Church Sunday School Will Celebrate Tonight.

The teachers and scholars of St. Barnabas' Sunday school will celebrate St. George's day by a "Red, White and Blue" concert in Temperance hall, Pandora avenue this evening. The choir will be taken by His Honor, Sir Henri Joly at 7:30.

Following is the programme:

PART I.
Selection.....Cecilian Orchestra
Chorus—"The Spider and His Wife".....Choir
Song—Selected.....Mrs. Nicholson
Piano Duet.....Miss Hetherington and Master F. Cole
Chorus—Some Folks.....Choir
Solo and Chorus—"Mother's Welcome at the Door".....Rev. E. G. Miller and Choir
Chorus—Love at Home.....Choir
Song—"The Sailor's Anchor".....Mr. J. G. Brown
Chorus—Home Sweet Home.....Choir
Quartet—"The Vacant Chair".....Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Harris, Rev. E. G. Miller, Mr. H. Wilders.

PART II.
Selection.....Cecilian Orchestra
Chorus—"The Traveling Monkey".....Choir
Song—"St. Anthony".....Mr. J. G. Brown
Solo and Chorus—"I Know Not Mother".....The Misses Scott and Choir
Piano Duet.....Miss Cole and Miss H. Dalby
Chorus—Red White and Blue.....Choir
Quartet—"O Who Will O'er the Downs So Free".....Mrs. Adams, Miss Harris, Mr. H. Wilders, Rev. E. G. Miller.
Chorus—Old Folks at Home.....Choir
Song—"A Little Rag Doll".....The Misses Scott
Song—"The New Kingdom".....Misses Scott and Choir.
God Save the King.

THE KIDNEY AND THE SKIN.

In the spring the kidneys have much to do. If they are weak or torpid, they will not do it well, and the skin will be almost or wholly that is telling the story in a few words. Hood's Sarsaparilla strengthens and stimulates the kidneys, cures and prevents pimples, blotches and all cutaneous eruptions. Don't fail to take it. Buy a bottle today.

FEAST OF THE PASSOVER

Jewish Celebration of the Spring Festival—Sermon By Rabbi Cohen.

During the past two days the Jewish section of the community have been celebrating the Feast of the Passover, or the Unleavened Bread, the annual spring festival held by the Jews in commemoration of the great deliverance of the race. The festival was inaugurated by the holding of the Seder service at the Synagogue on Monday evening. The Seder service is a very interesting ceremony even to gentiles, some of the prayers being of great antiquity and one hymn—a song of triumph—is sung in the original chaldaic. Symbolical dishes representing the bitter herb and servitude are also eaten.

Following after the Seder service is the home, or family service, which, as its name signifies, held in the homes of the Jews. This service is a child commences by asking the father of the family why this night is different from others, and the father replies by reciting the story of the deliverance of the Jews from Egypt. It may be remarked here that the importance of the family service to the Jews has probably done much towards sustaining the race and its traditions through the many persecutions and the oppression it has suffered.

Another service was held in the synagogue yesterday morning, when the Rabbi, Rev. Montague N. A. Cohen delivered a very interesting and learned sermon on the subject of the festival. He preached from the text of Exodus 14:13: "And Israel saw the great work which the Lord did upon the Egyptians, and the people feared the Lord, and believed the Lord and his servant Moses." He said that the story in Exodus closing with the above text continues so many improbabilities that many would find have some corroboration from other sources, and he would give a concise translation of what must be considered the only Egyptian account of the Exodus—that of Joseph Apion. This was to the effect that King Amenophis was told that he could only enjoy the privilege of seeing the Gods by ridding Egypt of all lepers, and he therefore sent 80,000 of them, among whom were some priests, to the quarries east of the Nile. Their in-treatment alarmed a councillor who wrote to the King that the lepers, aided by foreign allies, would rule over Egypt for 13 years. The King thereupon assigned to the lepers the deserted city of Avaris, a priest from Heliopolis, called Osarsiph, or Moses, placed himself at their head, and gave them laws opposed to Egyptian customs. These people, joining with the Hyksos—former inhabitants of Avaris—drove the King to Ethiopia. After 13 years, the King returned and freed his land from the foreigners, whom he pursued to the borders of Syria. If there was any truth in this account there would, the Rabbi pointed out, be still some difficulty in determining whether the Israelites were the lepers or the Hyksos, or neither. Referring to the flight of the Israelites from Egypt, the Rabbi questioned the accuracy of the figures given in Exodus as to their number. It was, he said, a not uncommon trait of Eastern writers to exaggerate in a poetical manner. The story of the preservation of Moses when a babe strikingly resembled a myth common to many nations, of an infant hero, or god, whose life is sought by a wicked king. Krishna, Buddha, Ayrus and others all had this fate attached to them. Many accounts showed the God Bacchus passing through the Red Sea at the head of his army, and with his wand drawing water from the rock. Bacchus was called the law giver, his laws were written on tables of stone, and he was represented as being horned as was seen in pictures of Moses.

Turning to the subject of the festival, the Rabbi said the Passover was celebrated in the fall moon, which followed after the sun had entered the sign Aries. Festivals with similar rites and ceremonies were held by almost all the nations of the earth at the same time under some pretext or other, and there was

no doubt that the Israelites themselves held a spring festival before the time of Moses. This blending of a strange feast with later historical events served to connect incidents worthy of perpetuation in the history of Israel, with ceremonies surviving from the earlier forms of worship. A change from old agricultural feasts to anniversaries of national events was a mark of progress, for though the entry upon a new season, or the ripening of the harvest was of interest, it was of greater importance to a people to remember its origin, and the most salient facts of its past. Israel released from Egypt by the strong arm of the Lord, was what the Jews remembered with hope during the centuries in which they were in a state of deep humiliation, and it could not but have a good effect upon the Jew, faithful to his race and its traditions, when, seated with his family round the Seder table, he joined in singing the great hymn of praise.

CHINESE, JAPS AND INDIANS

Number of Yellow, Brown and Red People in British Columbia.

The following statement showing the Chinese, Japanese and Indian populations of British Columbia by districts and sub-districts, according to the government census of 1901, was presented to the Legislature yesterday:

BURRARD DISTRICT.

	Chinese.	Japs.	Inds.
Bennett and Atlin	43	1	603
Cassiar (Stikine)	179	96	1,436
Cassiar (Skeena)	707	769	7,245
Vancouver City	2,013	827	1,025
Totals	2,852	1,597	8,061

NEW WESTMINSTER DISTRICT.

	Chinese.	Japs.	Inds.
Chilliwack	104	10	989
Chilliwack	504	194	1,436
Dewdney	179	96	1,436
Westminster City	736	101	130
Richmond	1,008	792	113
Totals	2,617	1,250	3,220

VANCOUVER DISTRICT.

	Chinese.	Japs.	Inds.
Alberni	43	2	3,311
Comox	551	314	70
Cowichan	286	824	10
Esquimalt	19	40	103
Nanaimo City	903	16	30
Nanaimo North	351	18	68
Nanaimo South	627	21	717
Victoria, North	34	331	343
Victoria, South	47	41	313
Totals	2,442	1,068	5,769

VICTORIA DISTRICT.

	Chinese.	Japs.	Inds.
Esquimalt	5	47	10
Metichouan	213	29	28
Victoria City	213	29	28
Totals	3,004	338	333

YALLO AND CANNING DISTRICT.

	Chinese.	Japs.	Inds.
Carlthoo	759	113	1,520
Lillooet, East	174	2	2,421
Lillooet, West	250	14	1,436
Kootenay, East (S. R.)	81	14	1,436
Kootenay, West	327	13	170
Kootenay, West	154	15	10
Kootenay, West	170	9	7
Yale, East	203	18	251
Yale, North	332	20	4,703
Yale, West	530	20	4,703
Totals	3,713	282	10,065
Grand Totals	14,628	4,544	28,948

Statement showing the Chinese and Japanese populations of the cities of British Columbia, according to the government census of 1901.

Chinese. Japs.

	Chinese.	Japs.
Vancouver	2,013	827
New Westminster	736	101
Cumbyland	521	26
Nanaimo	903	16
Victoria	2,728	13
Nelson	277	2
Trail	60	2
Rossland	238	3
Revelstoke	94	2
Grand Forks	37	4
Greenwood	52	2
Kaslo	97	3
Kamloops	189	15
Vernon	61	13
Sandon	2	6
Columbia	2	6
Phoenix	2	6

AN ENERGETIC ORGANIZATION

Much Business Transacted by Tourist Association at Meeting Yesterday.

The executive of the Tourist association sat almost continuously from 2:30 to 6 yesterday afternoon and dealt with a good many matters of interest to the city from a tourist standpoint.

Mr. W. J. Peckay was invited to meet the members of the executive and to give the association the benefit of his views based upon his experiences in Southern California during his recent trip. Many of the suggestions and pointers were of considerable value and will greatly help in the organization of the work.

The arrangements for the establishment of a fair-ho to help to make the magnificent drives more popular and the inauguration of a steam or naphtha launch service, to enable visitors more readily to visit the Gorge, were advanced a stage, and may be finally completed before the opening of the summer season, May 15.

The printing committee submitted the latest contribution to the literature of the association in the form of a 20-page illustrated booklet. Arrangements were made for the distribution of literature, etc., at the outer wharf to people arriving upon the ocean-going steamers, and to the placing of large signs upon the outer and inner wharves, calling the attention of strangers to the Tourists' association information bureau. It was decided that the effort to make the city known as a tourist resort should be directed as soon as possible to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, San Francisco and Southern California. An effort is also being made to secure for visitors the privilege of playing golf and tennis while in the city.

The question of conserving the salmon and trout fishing was also thoroughly discussed and the importance of this kind of sport to the city and district was emphasized. This matter will be very fully dealt with at a subsequent meeting.

Another leaflet, also a guide book, are now in course of preparation and will soon be in the hands of the printers, while some very useful and attractive cards to be placed in hotels, railway stations in outside cities, and also on the steamers running into the city, will be ready today.

Special attractions for several months of the year are also being considered. The preliminary arrangements for which are now being considered.

A communication was received from Richard Hall, M. P., P., containing suggestions and enclosing a clipping from the Canadian Press in which the remarks of Mr. Horn Payne, at the meeting of the shareholders of the B. C. Electric Railway company, was set forth. The secretary was instructed to thank Mr. Hall and assure him that his suggestions would be carefully considered.

BRITISH EMIGRATION.

Movement to the Colonies Attracts Attention in the States.

From Seattle Post-Intelligencer. After the end of trouble in the Transvaal, the question arises how Great Britain can best utilize her new possession and make it a harmonious part of her colonial system. A great area of fertile territory has been largely depopulated and much of it laid waste, and a building up almost from the bottom will have to begin. The transfer of civilization is moving far to the northward into Rhodesia, and development will require a large influx of new and friendly population to make the country valuable in proportion to its capacity. This question has already been considered, and to meet the situation the British government is anxious that intending emigrants from the Mother Country shall consider South Africa first of all in selecting new homes. Steps are being taken in this direction, for the establishment of a Dominion based on British stock.

It is the good fortune of England that her colonies and possessions have been

GENUINE Cuban Workmanship by Cubans and Spaniards Exclusively—

S. Davis & Sons.

Famous Clear Havana Cigars

RETAILED
3 for 25c
to
3 for 50c

An Attractive Hat

Is not what a good dresser generally looks for. At the same time he wants a hat with a touch of style about it that brands it a little out of the ordinary. We want you to come and look at our hats. We have all our new styles. Our assortment is large.

Price, quality and style are the factors that enable us to do a large hat business.

Geo. R. Jackson

GEO. POWELL & CO.

AGENTS FOR THE

GREAT MAJESTIC RANGE!

The Best that Money Can Buy.

Lawn Mowers and Grass Catchers, the best Garden Tools of all kinds, Also General Hardware, Crockery and Glassware.

CHEAPSIDE.

127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

CURSE OF DRINK

IF ANY MEMBER OF YOUR FAMILY DRINKS, the taste for liquor can be removed permanently by giving Tasteless Samaria Prescription secretly in food or drink. Failure impossible. Free sample, testimonials, price sent on request. Write S. J. ALLEN, REMEDY CO., 47 Jordan street, Toronto, Ont.

CURED SECRETLY

EXCURSION

TO..

GROFTON

Saturday, April 26.

S.S. "City of Nanaimo."

Will sail from C.P.N. Wharf at 9 a.m.

Fare for the Round Trip \$1.00

Children Under 12 Years 50c.

*Returning, steamer will arrive at Victoria at 7:00 p.m.

To Farmers!

Clear Your Land of Stumps by Using

Judson Improved Powder

CHEAPEST AND MOST EFFECTIVE OF ALL STUMPING POWDERS. WE ARE SOLE MANUFACTURERS. WRITE FOR, OR CALL AND GET OUR LITTLE PAMPHLET, "HOW TO REMOVE STUMPS."

The Giant Powder Co., Con.

88 1/2 Government St Victoria, B. C.

Advertisement in the Colonist

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

Hatters and Clothiers, 68-70 Yates Street.

New Spring Suits

\$6.75, \$7.75, \$8.75, \$10.00.

20th Century Brand and Royal Brand.

HIGH CLASS. READY TO WEAR.

Flannel Suits...

\$5.75, \$6.50, \$8.75, \$10.00.

20th Century Brand and Royal Brand.

HIGH CLASS. READY TO WEAR.

DR. JAEGER'S UNDERWEAR.

THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, April 22—8 p. m.

A high barometer area over the southern portion of the province, and the North Pacific States. Showers have fallen on the Oregon coast and a thunder storm occurred at Spokane, but fair weather has prevailed in most sections west of the ranges. A low pressure area is central over the Rockies and extends to Medicine Hat. In the Northwest the weather is mostly fair and cool, but rain is falling at Port Arthur.

TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	42	58
New Westminster	42	58
Rainbow	42	58
Barrowville	42	58
Dawson City	42	58
Calgary	42	58
Winnipeg	42	58
Portland, Ore.	42	58
San Francisco	42	58

FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a. m. (Pacific time), Wednesday.

Victoria and vicinity: Moderate or fresh westerly winds, generally fair and moderately warm during the day.

Lower Mainland: Light or moderate winds, mostly fair, with a shower or two.

VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p. m. Observations taken daily at 5 a. m., noon and 5 p. m.

TUESDAY, APRIL 22.

	Deg.	Mean.	Deg.
5 a.m.	42	48	58
Noon	53	53	53
5 p.m.	53	53	40

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m.	12 miles west.
Noon	12 miles southwest.
5 p.m.	24 miles southwest.

Barometer at noon—Observed.....30.120
 Calculated.....30.133

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p. m.—Corrected.....30.12

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MINING EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

(Furnished by A. W. More & Co., Ltd., 23 Broad Street.)

Toronto, April 22.—The following were the closing quotations on the Mining Exchange today:

	Asked.	12 1/2
Black Tail	44	44
Canadian Gold	44	44
Cariboo	44	44
Cariboo Hydraulic	44	44
Centre Star	44	44
Crow's Nest Pass Coal	44	44
Deer Trail Coal	44	44
Fairview Coal	44	44
Giant	44	44
Iron Mask	44	44
Lone Pine	44	44
Morning Glory	44	44
Morrison	44	44
Mountain Lion	44	44
North Star	44	44
Payson	44	44
Payson	44	44
Rambler	44	44
Republic	44	44
Sullivan	44	44
Victory	44	44
War Eagle	44	44
Wonderful	44	44
White Bear	44	44
San Paul	44	44
St. Eugene	44	44

TORONTO SALES.

White Bear, 3,000 at 4 1/2.

Centre Star, 1,000 at 4 1/2.

ROSSLAND SALES.

Centre Star, 1,000 at 30.

White Bear, 5,000 at 4 1/2.

Giant, 5,000 at 4 1/2.

STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

(By B. C. Stock Exchange, Ltd.)

New York, April 22.—The following quotations ruled on the Produce Exchange today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
New York Wheat	81	81 1/2	80 3/4	80 3/4
May	81	81 1/2	80 3/4	80 3/4
July	81	81 1/2	80 3/4	80 3/4
Chicago Wheat	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2
May	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2
July	61 1/2	62 1/2	61 1/2	62 1/2
Liverpool Wheat	6s. 11 1/2d.	6s. 11 1/2d.	6s. 11 1/2d.	6s. 11 1/2d.

Operating New York Curb, May, 80 1/2 and 81 1/2; June, 80 1/2 and 81 1/2; July, 80 1/2 and 81 1/2.

World's Visible Supply, wheat, decrease, 1,000,000 bushels. Corn, less received today: Minneapolis, 126; Duluth, 53; Chicago, 57.

New York, April 22.—The following quotations ruled on the Stock Exchange today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amn. Sugar	12 1/2	12 3/4	12 1/2	12 3/4
Amn. Copper	65	65 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2
People's Gas	103 1/2	104 1/2	103 1/2	104 1/2
U. S. Steel	42 1/2	43 1/2	42 1/2	43 1/2
U. S. Steel pfd.	105 1/2	106 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
Manhattan	137 1/2	138 1/2	137 1/2	138 1/2
B. R. T.	68 1/2	69 1/2	68 1/2	69 1/2
Union Pacific	105 1/2	106 1/2	105 1/2	106 1/2
So. Pacific	68 1/2	69 1/2	68 1/2	69 1/2
Mo. Pacific	101 1/2	102 1/2	101 1/2	102 1/2
C. M. & St. P.	170 1/2	171 1/2	170 1/2	171 1/2
Alchison	81 1/2	82 1/2	81 1/2	82 1/2
Louis & Nash.	126 1/2	127 1/2	126 1/2	127 1/2
Chicago Gt. West.	25 1/2	26 1/2	25 1/2	26 1/2
Money loaning at 10 per cent.	0	0	0	0

It is a pleasure to call for whisky and get a brand that is not doctored or adulterated—something like "Jesse Moore" Whisky is guaranteed pure.

MONEY TO LOAN

at lowest current rates on approved security.

The B. C. Land & Invest. Agency, Ltd.

40 Government Street.

Classified Advertisements, one cent advertisement inserted for less per word per insertion, cash. No than 25 cents.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A capable janitor, good reference. Apply in writing, Janitor, Colonist office.

WANTED—Good paper-hangers. Apply J. W. Mellor, Fort Street.

WANTED AT ONCE—First class baker to have charge of shop. Sober, S. P. Marks, Douglas Bakery, New Westminster.

WANTED—A good farm hand. Wages \$25 per month. Apply Mr. Bray's stable, Johnson street, Friday noon.

WANTED—500 men and boys to buy reliable boots at Nangle's, 56 Fort street. Prices all right.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—At once, girl to do light housework. Small family. Apply 155 Superior street, James Bay.

WANTED—A capable nursemaid and also housemaid. Apply between hours of 9 and 11 o'clock. Mrs. F. B. Pemberton, Foul Bay road.

WANTED—Girl to do light housework. Mrs. F. H. Wollaston, 110 Menzies St.

WANTED—A girl for light house work. Apply to Mrs. Macneil, 113 Sincro St. at 8.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

SITUATION WANTED—A woman desires work as a house-cleaning. Apply Work, Colonist office.

WANTED—Experienced and expert lady stenographer would like employment in Victoria or Vancouver. Miss Johnson, 478 Banatone, Winnipeg.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—For the only authorized life of the Great Talmage, by his distinguished son, Rev. Dr. Frank De Witt Talmage, and the Associate Editors of the Christian Herald. Big book, 500 pages, profusely illustrated. Low retail. Biggest discount. Books on credit. Or write for outfit today. Bradley-Garrett Co., Limited, Brantford.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—One or two children to board, with lady, as companion to her little boy, ten years old. Terms very moderate. Grey, Colonist.

WANTED—At Eden's Junk Stores, No. 125 Fort street, copper, brass, iron, bottles, rags, sacks, etc. Terms cash.

WANTED—For spot cash, rags, also old iron, copper, brass, etc. Victoria Junk Agency, 30 Store street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On the night of Concor concert, a pearl necklace, 5 rows. Address M. at this office.

LOST—A fur box on Esquimalt road, between Springfield avenue and Point Bice bridge. Finder please return to this office and receive reward.

LOST—On the afternoon of April 16th, a gold pin, two hearts, turquoise and pearls. Finder kindly return to Mrs. Cowden, Work Point, or Colonist office.

LOST—Irish setter puppy, 8 months old, Rottenb. Setter, 103 Yates street.

FOUND—Reliable boots and shoes, cheap in town, at Nangle's, 56 Fort St.

CLAIRVOYANCY.

MADAM RAAD—Clairvoyant and Lecturer. Medium, clairvoyant, etc. 23 Westview street. All welcome. No. 23 Westview street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—A going concern, country store doing a fairly good business, well located, on P. & N. Railway line, cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd., 40 Government Street.

GENUINEMAN with small capital wishes partnership in some concern. Box 257, Victoria.

PERSONAL.

PUGET SOUND LAW & DETECTIVE AGENCY—Evidence in law cases looked up. Divorces, etc. P. O. Box 338, Seattle, Wash.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS.

TO LET—On car line, private room for two, no objection to children. M. E. Colonist.

TO LET—A furnished room, near the sea, furnished front room for gentleman. Private family. A. E. Colonist.

BOSSLAND SALES.

TO RENT—Nicely furnished front room. Apply 11 Richardson street.

TO LET—Front rooms en suite or house-keeping. 90 Douglas street.

COMFORTABLE furnished front rooms.

if desired, use of kitchen. If required, 139 Michigan street.

TO LET—Furnished housekeeping rooms, with bath. 118 Fort street.

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD.

TO LET—A furnished room and breakfast if desired, on Beacon Hill car line. Very reasonable to desirable party. Address R. S. Colonist.

TO RENT—RESIDENCES.

TO RENT—One six-room cottage, fronting beach, partly furnished, at Foul Bay. Apply at Pioneer Drug Store, Johnson street or Mrs. Shortall, Foul Bay.

TO LET—Five room cottage, Superior street, in good order. Flint & Co., Truncheon avenue.

TO RENT—Furnished cottage in Duncan, for two or three months. For particulars apply M. J. R. Colonist office.

TO LET—Furnished four-roomed cottage. Apply at 201 Douglas street.

POULTRY, LIVE STOCK, ETC.

FOR SALE—Buggy horse, suitable for lady, \$55. 44 North Park street.

FOR SALE—Four chickens, six weeks' old. Buff Orpingtons, Barred Rocks; selected layers. Poultry stock ducks, two weeks' old. Avoid trouble and uncertainty in hatching. Address Miss Turner, Mestl Cottage, Cadboro Bay Road. Telephone B337.

WANTED—A cock, must be gentle and sound. Apply P. O. Box 469, Victoria.

FOR SALE—Two good family Jersey grade cows; good milkers. Apply No. 13 Scotch street, West Estate.

HORSE FOR SALE—He is 9 years old, white, very gentle and a fine driver; true to pull; weighs 1100 lbs. \$75. Buggy in running order. \$25. Single harness in good order. \$8. S. B. Sutton, 72 Fort street, Victoria.

PURBRED EGGS for the farmers at \$1.00 per setting, from Buff Orpingtons, Blue Rocks, White Rocks, Andalusians, English Dorkings and Buff Leghorns. Mrs. Dyne, Sidney, P. O.

FOR SALE—Two fresh calved cows, four years old, second calf. Apply Halfway House, Esquimalt road.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO LET—Stable, 74 Kane street.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED by an expert polisher. Caruthers, Dickson & Howes, 131 to 135 Johnson St., Grimsby Block.

TO LET—Warehouse on Wharf street, 257 1/2, all location and in good condition. Rent \$25. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

TO RENT—HOTELS.

ROCK BAY HOTEL—For sale or lease. Inquire room 30.

TO LET—HOTELS.

TO LET—The Maple Bay Hotel and Store. Apply Wm. Beaumont, Maple Bay.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

No Advertisement Inserted for Less Than 25c.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Cocos Island, one share P. E. & Co.'s stock, at \$40. Apply Opportunity, Colonist office.

FOR SALE—A Weber Grand Piano, cheap. Tone unsurpassed. Apply to W. T. Hardaker, auctioneer.

FOR SALE—Express wagon and cover, at Jameson's, 60 Fort street.

SEWING MACHINE FOR SALE—A four-drawer Wheeler & Wilson, with all the latest attachments, golden oak woodwork, good as new, \$35 cash, or \$40 on time. Call or address S. O. Sutton, 72 Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—A sewing machine in good order. Apply at 53 John street.

FOR SALE—Thoroughbred mastiff dog, four years old. Apply T. G. Colonist office.

FOR SALE—Improved ranch. For particulars apply Mrs. C. Melrose, Cobble Hill P. O.

100,000 HARDY CROCKAGE PLANTS. Many Knight's Royal Bolls, 50c per 100. \$1 per 300. \$2.50 per 1,000. Strawberry plants, \$1 per \$100, \$5 per 1,000. Mount Toimie Nursery.

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' boots and shoes at bargain prices, and your repairing done, at Nangle's, the price and quality shoe maker, 56 Fort street. Please call; you won't be misled.

FOR SALE—A new line of cream, white and string braids; also new designs for silk work, at Mrs. W. H. Adams, 78 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—INDIAN CURIOS.

INDIAN BASKETS AND CURIOS—Thousands of them cheap from the Indian trader, H. Stoughton, 75 Apsara street, between Broad and Government streets. Store closes at 7 o'clock every night.

FOR SALE—HOTELS.

HOTELS FOR SALE—Call and see our list. B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

FOR SALE—Business of a large, centrally located hotel, including furniture, etc., doing a good business. For particulars apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

FOR SALE—RESIDENCES.

A SNAP—FOR SALE—House of five rooms, and lot, \$1400. Apply 50 Store street.

FOR SALE—A good house, buildings, water supply and lot, 12 acres, near Esquimalt, by all under cultivation, about three miles from city. Very easy terms. Apply Pemberton & Sons, 45 Fort street.

\$400—Five acres, cottage, furniture, orchard. Situation, Gauges Harbor; good soil; good spring. Apply 35 Fort St. at 15.

FOR SALE or TO RENT—Line kiln; 60 or 220 acres with line kiln, ready for occupation, buildings, etc. Liberal terms can be arranged. Convenient to railway. Apply to J. W. Widdowson, or to B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

CENTRALLY LOCATED.

\$900—Five-roomed cottage, and lot 40x150; must be sold at an early date. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$900—Good two-story dwelling, very central and convenient to car. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,000—Seven-room house, and lot 60x120, on main thoroughfare and only five minutes from centre of town; front and back entrance. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,200—Will purchase three houses, centrally located (only 10 minutes from post office), always a good location, cheap. In order to close an estate. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,400—Seven-room two-story dwelling, lot 47x120; sewer connections. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$5,500—Handsome residence, modern, with an acre of ground, on Rockland Avenue; grand view. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$4,750—Ten-roomed modern dwelling (very central); must be sold at an early date. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,500—Full-sized lot, with two houses, in the heart of the city; a good speculation. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$3,800—Two full-sized lots, with good house; very central; a bargain. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$4,750—Beautifully situated seven-roomed house, with three full-sized lots, stable, etc.; front and back entrances; situated on Port Street. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$800—Corner lot and two five-roomed cottages (\$800 each); will be sold on very easy terms. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,000—Pretty cottage, corner lot, good garden and lot 50x120, in good condition. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Modern cottage, six rooms, full-sized lot, 50x120, in good condition. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

EAST END.

\$1,300—Cottage of six rooms, one acre; all cleared and planted with small fruits; barn, chicken houses, etc.; terms. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,800—Five-roomed cottage, good brick foundation, full-sized lot, and out-buildings; cheap. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven-room modern dwelling, stable and out-buildings, on four lots, at Oak Bay. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—New six-room cottage, with four lots, on Esquimalt road. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,200—Good six-room cottage, near Dallas road; nice view of the Straits; modern conveniences. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Six-room cottage, very central, with sewer connections, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven-room modern dwelling on car line, with sewer connection; facing south and convenient to town. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

JAMES BAY.

\$2,200—Good six-room cottage, near Dallas road; nice view of the Straits; modern conveniences. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Six-room cottage, very central, with sewer connections, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven-room modern dwelling on car line, with sewer connection; facing south and convenient to town. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—New six-room cottage, with four lots, on Esquimalt road. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,200—Good six-room cottage, near Dallas road; nice view of the Straits; modern conveniences. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$1,500—Six-room cottage, very central, with sewer connections, etc. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

\$2,100—Seven-room modern dwelling on car line, with sewer connection; facing south and convenient to town. Apply B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Limited, 40 Government Street.

Money To Loan

On Improved Securities
AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.

PEMBERTON & SON, 45 Fort Street

ST BARNABAS VESTRY MEETING

Annual Meeting of the Congregation Held on Monday Evening.

Some 24 qualified electors and 12 ladies members of the congregation, assembled in St. Barnabas church Monday night to attend the annual vestry meeting. The Rev. E. G. Miller, took the chair at 8 p. m., with Mr. Geo. Knox, as vestry clerk. The minutes were read and adopted, after which the rector read the following report:

Ladies and Gentlemen, It is with no uncertain sound that I am able to speak with much thankfulness to Almighty God for the advancement made in the past year in the Parish of St. Barnabas, and the many, many, over which God has seen fit to call me to preside. By comparing the financial report of this year, which is to be presented this evening, with that of the year previous, I find there is a net increase in the income of \$122.02, which increase if it continues at the same rate in the present year, will enable us to ask the executive committee to consider the possibility of their annual grant by £27 2/6.

I hope the vestry will see the way to making a resolution to this effect, as coming from us who have been helped for the past 12 years; it will give them much satisfaction and will come with very good grace as emanating from the vestry. I cannot speak too highly of the work accomplished by the churchwardens and church committee, in the past year. The churchwardens, under Miss Bailey, and the church committee, under Mrs. H. Moss, have done much good work in the parish, and of the parochial societies, viz: the Ladies' Aid, under the presidency of Mrs. Miller, the Senior Willing Helms, under Miss Bailey, and the Junior Willing Helms, under Mrs. H. Moss. These societies have contributed \$120 towards the rent of the Rectory House, and have at the present time a considerable balance in hand. In addition to this, each branch of the societies has devoted material and work towards the sale in aid of the parsonage which was destroyed by fire in the parish of St. Philip, Cedar Districts, and the Junior Willing Helms devoted \$5 towards the purchase of the spare lot. While speaking of finance, I am pleased to note an increase of \$3.20 towards the missions and \$1.00 towards the B. P. Blythe's mission to the Jews. Let us continue these annual donations.

There is also a substantial increase to the Diocesan Mission Fund, which I hope this year will reach a total of \$100, compared with \$88 of the present statement. The Sunday school and parish library. The Sunday school now numbers over 100 children with an increase of three or four per month, due to some extent to the excellent work of the house to house canvass of last year. This year I must receive your most earnest attention. My thanks are due to Mr. T. W. Palmer for his work as lay reader, and for his work as superintendent of the Sunday school, and to the teachers under the library, under the management of Mr. T. W. Palmer, who have formed a committee on the library.

To the organist, choir-master and the choir we are indebted for the excellent music for the past year, but there is urgent need of more men to assist those who have been so faithful. Perhaps the most effective work of each Lord's Day has been accomplished by the sidesmen, who have been ever in their places and new recruits in making the members of the congregation comfortable by supplying them with seats and books.

I cannot close this report without expressing my deep sense of gratitude to Mr. Geo. Knox, who, as sacristan, has never once been absent since the time I appointed him, and to the Altar Guild who, with few exceptions, have supplied the altar of our church with flowers. The superintendant and banner which we have all admired during this Easter Festival, were the loving work of our lady helpers, Mrs. H. Alnutt and Mrs. W. H. Adams.

I feel I must call your attention to the effort being made by Mr. Palmer to raise funds for the S. S. Building Fund Extension, to take place on Wednesday, George's Day, when the Lieutenant-Governor will preside, supported by Lady Joly de Lothbrough, the Lord Bishop of Columbia and Miss Pevin. I confidently expect a sum of \$50 will be at our disposal as a result of these efforts.

To the year ending March 31st, I have by God's grace, administered the sacrament of the Lord's Body and Blood, 137 times, with 1,528 participants, an increase of 247 over the previous year. The number of 24 persons; Holy Baptism, 36 persons; confirmation candidates, 19; marriages, 3; burials, 9. Two friends of the congregation have presented plans for a new church as a permanent structure, which I present to you for inspection. Advice has been obtained re moving of the present unseparated school-church, and the building of a room to act as an infant school and for general purposes, and trusting that God the Spirit, will preside over and guide your deliberations, I sign myself your friend and rector.

ERNEST G. MILLER.

The churchwardens report as printed, was discussed, and finally adopted. Officers were elected as follows: Rector, E. G. Miller; warden, E. B. Wootton; people's warden, John Muttow; church committee, Messrs. Wm. Whitaker, G. Wallace, C. F. Moore, P. A. Babington, A. M. Bannerman, A. F. Gibson, Robert Brown, J. W. Palmer, W. H. Adams, Geo. Knox; lay delegates to synod, E. E. Wootton, H. Alnutt, T. W. Palmer, Judge Harrison; lay delegates to diocesan conference, G. W. Knox, H. Alnutt, A. F. Gibson, Robert Brown, T. W. Hood, J. Lawrence and A. Lawrence.

There were several questions asked under the head of general business, allusions being made to the Sunday school, accommodation and proposed church extension. Owing to the lateness of the hour it was finally moved, seconded, and carried by a majority of two, that the vestry adjourn to meet again on Monday, April 28, at 8 p. m. to continue the business yet unfinished and to decide upon any new resolutions to be brought forward.

WM. T. HARDAKER THE AUCTIONEER

POSTPONED SALE

Crockery
AT SALESROOMS, DOUGLAS STREET,
FRIDAY AT 2 P.M.

Hardaker
AUCTIONEER

THE ATLIN COMMITTEE

Mr. Sawers Not Being Ready to Proceed Morning is Wasted.

The select committee appointed to inquire into the charges against Mr. J. D. Graham, gold commissioner of Atlin, met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. Sawers, who is appearing before the committee to support his allegations that Mr. Graham bought two small buildings for the government hospital at an exorbitant price, and that he was interested in the buildings in question, kept the committee waiting some time before he put in an appearance. When he did arrive on the scene he refused to examine any more of his witnesses until Mr. Dunsinuir attended to give evidence in regard to certain dates.

This led to a brief passage at arms between Mr. Sawers and Messrs. Rogers and McPhillips, who were anxious that the time of the committee should not be wasted unnecessarily. Mr. Sawers immediately assumed an attitude of defiance, that of Mr. Smith Curtis as the royal commission—he would conduct the case in his own way, or know the reason why he should not. When the Hon. James Dunsinuir arrived the dates and facts required from him by Mr. Sawers were not forthcoming. The Premier could not remember off-hand without referring to records. Moreover, the records in point were not in the Premier's office anyway, but in the Attorney-General's department.

Eventually the committee adjourned to the following morning without transacting any business.

The members of the committee present were Messrs. Rogers (in the chair), Garden, Monice and McPhillips. Mr. W. W. D. McInnes and Mr. Stables also attended.

Mr. Sawers, after apologies for keeping the committee waiting, stated that he was not prepared to go on until Mr. Dunsinuir arrived. He wished to get some evidence from the Premier in regard to the time he had visited Atlin, the date of the sitting of the Atlin royal commission, and other matters.

Mr. Rogers thought that it would not be necessary to wait. There were other witnesses present waiting to be examined who wished to get away.

Mr. Sawers said that he could not see his way to continuing. Mr. Dunsinuir's evidence was required for the other examinations. He would not be put to a disadvantage by the committee.

This led to a rather heated discussion between Mr. Rogers and Mr. Sawers, the latter finally exclaiming: "In regard to this inquiry, I stand higher than the Premier of the province!"

Mr. McPhillips—There is a good deal to that in that remark. I have sat through several debates in the House, Mr. McPhillips.

Mr. Sawers—It is fortunate for you that the members of this committee will not be affected in their decision by any insults offered them.

At this stage Mr. Dunsinuir arrived, but as he was not prepared to give the required evidence without first referring to records, and as Mr. Sawers stuck to his resolution not to proceed with other witnesses, the committee decided to adjourn until the following morning.

GOLD SOAP
Just fits the hand.

The Chinese Rebellion

Movement Greater Than Usually Known As Despatches Are Censored.

Russians Accused of Atrocities Against Inhabitants of New-chang—Cholera.

Refugees from the two Kwang provinces of China are flocking into Canton, according to news received by the Empress of China, from the scene of the rebellion in South China, and all have tales to tell of riot, burning, and pillage, torture and death. The movement had gained considerable proportions before any step was taken by the Chinese authorities, who belittle the importance of the rising. A strict censorship has been placed upon the news, and every endeavor is being made to prevent news being given out regarding the rising. The rebels now greatly outnumber the imperial troops, for Marshal Su, who went out to meet them, has been surrounded and it is a question whether the well-drilled troops from Chih-li will be sent against the rebels, for the usual way is to allow each province to settle its own rebellions. When the success of the Kwang rebels was being continued and the rebels of the Northern Kwang joined them, Vice-Admiral Ching was despatched up the river with a thousand men to meet the rebels. Marshal Su led the imperial troops overland to co-operate with that sent by the gunboats. At Lin Chau the naval forces disembarked and went towards the hills, where the rebels were attacking a walled town. They found the government troops halted, and, under cover of night, the majority deserted and went over to the rebel camp. The remainder fell back to the steamers, which returned down the river. In the meantime the rebels had several encounters with guerrilla bands of the rebels, and in the majority of the engagements the government forces were defeated.

The Chinese at Canton state that the province of Kwangsi is practically in the hands of the insurgents, but they state that the rebel forces are not moved by political motives, but that rather they are a band of organized robbers, who are the treasures of the cities which fall into their hands. Others hold that they are reformers attacking the Chinese dynasty because of the heavy taxes levied for the payment of the loans. It is also stated that the rebels are banded together for many reasons. Many are soldiers whose pay is in arrears, and many are the grievances which have caused them to take up arms. In the east of Kwangsi, where the rebels are the strongest. Their headquarters is at a place near the borders of the four provinces of Kwang Tung, Kwang Si, Yunnan and Kwei Chau. Their leader is a man named Chen, who has the reputation of being perfectly familiar with every part of Kwangsi. The China Mail's Canton correspondent says it is questionable if the troops sent by the government can do anything to suppress the rebels, for the rebels take to guerrilla fighting, a force of from thirty to fifty thousand men will be needed to encounter them.

A native paper, the Tung Wen Hu Pao, fears that the rebellion in Kwangsi will spread to the other provinces, and send troops to pacify the country, and that these troops will remain, as the Russians have in Manchuria. The Chinese paper says the rebels have been greatly strengthened by the soldiers of the Kwangsi commander, who refused to surrender their arms and ammunition and rebelled when their arrears were refused payment. These forces have united with the disbanded soldiers of the Kwangsi, and with strong bands of banditti, and so strong have they become that it will require a large army to defeat them. Troops have been sent against them, but success is improbable. The paper says that the rebels were a small rebellion in Anhui province. If Honan, Shantung and Kiangnan had not united in attacking them, no one can tell what the end would have been. It will require the united strength of several provinces to quash the present rising in Kwangsi.

The situation is most serious, according to the Tung Wen Hu Pao, for everywhere the people are in unrest. Even in the valley of the Yangtze, which is usually a peaceful region, there are large bands of salt smugglers engaged in rebellion, and the Kalo Hui are rising in rebellion there. The Peace and Purity society, which dates back from the time of the Taiping rebellion, and the floods in the Yangtze valley, and droughts have caused these malcontents to find a new leader and embark on another crusade of rebellion.

So much for the south, where the rebel movements are most serious. Not only so, but the north is also in a state of unrest. At the head of a large movement in Kansu and Mongolia, but the native newspapers are beginning to chronicle the recrudescence of the Boxer movement, although the Boxers are now being kept up their old practices and trying to gain followers, their leader was killed by a train. He stood before an advancing train, and the Boxers brought the train to a stop and saved the man's life. The Boxer leader gained many converts by his show of power in stopping the train, and he was then attempted to do the same thing on the railway line next day, but the engineer ran the man down and cut him in pieces. The correspondent says "there are now many who would welcome another popular rising against the foreigner, and the meaningless edicts of the Empress Dowager do not deceive the people, who know what her real desires are."

The Japan Times reports a rebellion in Szechuan, of Hsueh provinces. Chieh-Tung, viceroy of Hukwang province, is reported to have despatched troops to Szechuan, to prevent the movement spreading to his province.

Stories of Russian aggression are being telegraphed from the Chinese press. When the rebellion broke out at Jehol, it is reported, Gen. Ma Yukun was ordered there with twenty camps of soldiers, but he was prevented from so doing by Russians. The French legation at Peking, which is very interested in the territory in question, says that it has heard of no trouble there, and in the meantime Russians have been sent against the rebels. The Russians are said to be intriguing, aided by the French, to secure the gold mines near Jehol. Russians are accused by the Newchang correspondent of Shanghai papers with outraging Chinese there, and extorting money by torture. Stories are also told of how they went to a village near Newchang to systematically rob the inhabitants, who beat off the Russian robbers. The Russians secured reinforcements and returned. The natives resisted and killed two Russians, whereupon the Russian authorities became exasperated and sent a large detachment of troops to punish the villagers, who were defending their own property, as though they were brigands.

Writing on April 2, the Peking correspondent of the Shanghai Mercury complains at length of the execution of an innocent Chinese, because of the throwing of stones at the carriage of the

THE DOUGLAS SALE

HISTORICAL FURNITURE

Will Take Place on

TUESDAY, APRIL 29TH, 1902, AT 2 P. M.

Full particulars are contained in the special 12 page illustrated Catalogues, which will be the Cards of Admittance and in pection.

These Catalogues will be sold at 25 cents each and may be had from Messrs. Hibben & Co., Victoria Book & Stationery Co., O. B. Ormond and the Colonist office. The gross proceeds of which will be handed to the Women's Auxiliary Maternity Ward Fund of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Goods on view on Friday, 25th, from 2 to 5; Monday, 28th, from 10 to 12 and 2 to 5, and on day of sale.

JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

Italian minister, which contained his wife. It is said that the stone which went near the carriage was thrown at a rival's life by a child engaged in kite-flying, and the man executed was a poor candy seller, who had not even witnessed the stone-throwing. The correspondent says this is the kind of thing which causes the people against the foreigner and promotes rebellion.

A Peking despatch to the Tokio Asahi says one French soldier was shot dead by the Chinese guards of the imperial palace, when the Frenchman tried to push his way through one of the gates. Another affray took place between the guards and some German soldiers, and several of the Chinese were wounded, one of them subsequently dying.

There is an epidemic of cholera at Canton. Two Catholic nuns are the last victims. Many of the Europeans are living on boats to endeavor to escape the disease. The Chinese are calling "dragon boats" about to "drive away the plague." A despatch from Hongkong on March 31 says the Chinese are circulating the rumor that the sickening in Canton is due to foreigners having adulterated the salt.

Mr. Denby, an American, has been commissioned by Prince Ching to build waterworks at Peking, and will turn over the work to Wood & Co. of Philadelphia. The Chinese have been engaged on this project for several years, and if the present arrangements carry a preliminary contract only has been signed—the final agreement will be made when the engineers have completed the survey of the city and the route to the summer palace, where it is proposed to bring the water—the lake there and the springs from which it is filled affording the water supply.

According to a telegram received by the Tokio Asahi from Peking, a syndicate of Americans headed by J. P. Morgan, has applied to the Chinese government for the grant of the right of constructing a railway between Peking and Chang-Kai-kan, with a capital of 1,500,000 taels. A Canton correspondent, writing on March 22, says the Canton-Hankow railway project has been tied up for some time by the Chinese government. It seems nothing has yet been accomplished but the purchase of the newly claimed ground on the river front. "Even J. P. Morgan with his millions, will find things move slowly in China," says the correspondent.

A conflagration at Fukui, Japan, has caused the destruction of 3,390 houses, one-third of the city. Police stations, temples, newspaper offices, post office, two big banks and many important buildings were destroyed.

HAD A JOB AWAITING HIM.

The photographer labored industriously. He got out a jumping-jack and various other toys, and in the course of half an hour he had the baby crawling and laughing. Then he took the picture. "You're a wonder," said the father. "I flatter myself," returned the photographer, "that I am pretty good at my business."

The best ever," asserted the father. "If you can't get your baby to sleep, regular thing I'd give you board and lodging free just to have you in my house nights."—Chicago Post.

When the Bowels Are Constipated

Health Cannot Be Good—Digestion and Other Bodily Functions Cannot Be Properly Performed—Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

The character of food, sedentary habits, and neglecting the calls of nature may be set down as the usual causes of constipation. The accompanying derangements are indigestion, dyspepsia, stomach troubles, liver and kidney diseases and an endless amount of pain and suffering. Poisonous impurities, when left in the blood, are bound to find lodgment in some weak spot of the system, and the result is disease of the most deadly nature.

It is a serious matter to neglect constipation. You may do so for a time, only to find that your health has been undermined by bodily derangements of the most fatal kind. You should have a movement of the bowels every day. To accomplish this, avoid concentrated foods, use vegetables and fruits freely, and take one of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills before retiring, two or three times a week, or often, if required.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are not an ordinary cathartic. They have a specific and combined action on the kidneys, liver and bowels, and consequently cure constipation and the accompanying derangements thoroughly and well, by removing the causes. For the information of those who are not yet familiar with the peculiar merits of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, we might add that they are purely vegetable in composition, pleasant and natural in action, and remarkably prompt and far-reaching in effect, even in the most serious and chronic cases of constipation, kidney and liver diseases.

Persons with weak kidneys are peculiarly susceptible to sudden changes of temperature, and for this reason are liable to a sharp cold, even in the most severe and winter seasons, lest the cold sets on these filtering organs and bring on Bright's disease of the kidneys, by far the most painful and fatal of diseases. A score and hundreds of people make a practice of keeping Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills in the house, and take one whenever the symptoms of constipation and kidney derangement make themselves known. Scanty, high-colored urine, painful urination, and pain in the back and limbs are the danger signals of kidney disease.

Whatever else you may do, do not overlook the importance of keeping the bowels, the kidneys and liver in normal, vigorous action. There is no surer way of prolonging life, and the evidence of the people of this country seems to prove conclusively that by far the most effective treatment in bringing about a cure in cases of constipation, kidney and liver disease, is the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box; at all druggists, or Edmanston, Bates & Co., Toronto.

THE DOUGLAS SALE AUCTION

BLACKSMITH BUSINESS

And Goodwill, Bellows, Anvil, Tools, Horse Shoes, Hammers, Iron, Single Buggy.

SPLENDID LOCATION, EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY.

This business and appurtenances will be sold to the highest bidder.

Next Saturday, April 26

At the Blacksmith Shop of Mr. Sonchison, near Phoenix Brewery, Government street. All interested will please note time and place.

Terms cash. W. JONES, Dominion Government Auctioneer.

AUCTION

I am instructed to sell at Ledingham & Christie's Carriage Works, corner of Douglas and Piquet streets, on

Tuesday, April 29.

At 11 a. m., without reserve,

BOILER AND ENGINE

4 horse power, carrying 100 lbs. steam, inspected.

ALSO

A COMBINED TRUCK

4½ inch tires, 4 inch steel skids. Will be offered in 2 lots, or to suit purchasers. Terms cash.

W. JONES, Dominion Government Auctioneer.

Keast's Livery Stables

DUNCAN.

Operating Crofton and Mt. Sicker Stages.

Duncan to Mt. Sicker daily, except Sunday. Westholme to Crofton, daily. Double service Sat., Sun. and Wed. Both stages connect with E. & N. trains.

JUST ARRIVED

Large Shipment

Fine Worsteds and Fancy Tweeds

For Spring and Summer Wear.

WO SANG

35 Store Street.

Cactus Dahlias Show Dahlias

The Largest Collection in B. C.

JAY & CO.,

13 Broad Street.

Field Seeds!

Extra selected stock of Seeds of Carrots, Mangold, Swede, etc.

IMPORTED DIRECT

From the Seed Growers. Well tested for Germination.

Johnston's Seed Store,

CITY MARKET.

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Truck, Dray and General Teaming done.

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New Vancouver Coal Co

LIMITED.

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Samuel M. Robins, Superintendent

Coal Mined by White Labor

New Wellington Coal

Sack or Lump . . \$6.00 per ton

Delivered to any part within the City Limits.

KINGHAM & CO.

31 Broad St., corner Truncheon Alley.

Wharf—Spratt's Wharf, Store St.

Telephone Calls—Wharf, 647. Office, 694.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the sitting of the Supreme Court at a Court of Assize, Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, fixed to be held at the City of Victoria on the 6th day of May, 1902, is cancelled.

By command, J. D. PRENTICE, Provincial Secretary's Office, 8th April, 1902.

NOTICE.

Cancellation of Reserve on Foreshore and Tidal Land.

Notice is hereby given that the reservation on foreshore and tidal land, notice whereof was published in the British Columbia Gazette and dated 16th March, 1900, is cancelled. Any person desirous of acquiring a lease of any foreshore or tidal land, and making same for the purpose of the reservation, must apply to the same in the manner provided by section 41 of the Land Act, after the expiration of three (3) months from the date of this notice.

W. C. WELLS, Officer-Commissioner of Lands and Works, B. C., 8th April, 1902.

One Phase of the New Woman

It is quite the thing just now to make sport of the aggressiveness of the new woman, but there is one thing that the new woman is fitting herself to do, for which she must be commended, and that is, either to earn her own living or to implement her ordinary income. If the inclination of the new woman is towards independence and freedom from restraint, it is equally in the direction of improvement of her condition and betterment of her surroundings. In various honorable ways she earns money without resorting to drudgery. The Song of the Shirt has no place in her vocabulary. She may work with her pen or her brush, or her voice or her musical touch may be made to contribute to her creature comforts; but by far the larger number of women of all ages and in various walks of life earn their livelihood, in part or in whole, from the skillful employment of their needle. Knowing how to do it is the great secret, and every lady of ordinary intelligence can learn how to do the most artistic and elaborate crocheting, knitting and embroidery by following up the simple lessons in the Corticelli Home Needlework Magazine. The spring number of this admirable quarterly is now ready for delivery, and like its predecessors, is a marvel of usefulness and beauty, and furnishes valuable instructions in the art of French lace embroidery, modern lace making, embroidered shirt waists, men's centerpieces designs, crocheted purses and bags, etc.

The magazine is profusely illustrated in colored and black prints, and is sold for 10c. a number or 55c. per annum. Address

CORTICELLI SILK CO., Limited, Publishers, St. John's, P. Q.

In the Spring Time

Your feet swell and burn if your shoes do not fit perfectly. You don't want that kind of shoes, because they are not constructed properly. The SLATER INVICTUS SHOE made on a common sense last that is shaped properly to the foot, and will always be comfortable as well as stylish and handsome. We are selling them at \$4.

Men's Lace Box Calf, \$2.00 to \$2.50.

Ladies' J. & T. Bell Make Vel Kid, \$3.50.

Ladies Kid Lace Boot, a daisy, \$2.00.

Jas. Maynard,

85 Douglas St. Old Fellows Block.

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WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

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PAID-UP CAPITAL \$ 8,000,000

REST AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS 2,551,000

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HON. GEO. A. COX, President.

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The bank has 68 branches extending throughout Canada and elsewhere, including the following in British Columbia and the Yukon District:

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WARNED!